#### **WELCOME to PBIS**

Presented by

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and

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Eureka City Schools 12/10/2014



Time	Activity
Hour 1 9-9:15	Welcome and Introductions -Two truths and a lie
9:15 - 9:30	Expectations
9:30 -10:00	Getting us Thinking— Where are our issues? How are we working with them?
Hour 2 ?????	PBIS Overview and Process- Creating Positive School Communities and how will your team create yours?

# Our Agenda

Icebreaker: Two Truths and a Lie



- In your groups, you will share two truths and a lie with each other (not in that order). The members of the group will then decide which is which.
- One person from each smaller group will share with the larger group; your group gets to pick who is going to share.

#### **LET'S GET STARTED!**



You came here for a reason.

Please share your expectations for the day.

What are your Expectations?

## **Issue Inventory**

"It takes a village to raise a child."

African Proverb

Lets take a few moments to talk about the different lenses we use to look at education.



- What do you see is the role of the district?
- What do you see is the role of the principal?
- What do you see is the role of the teacher?
- What do you see is the role of the parent?
- What do you see is the role of the student?
- What is your role?

**ROLES:** Answer questions in partners

# It is the role of every person who works with students to be a teacher and guide.

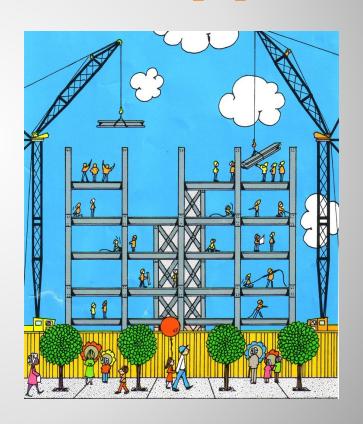
 So how do we coordinate our efforts and focus the behaviors and expectations we want to see from our students?

# Positive Behavioral Interventions & Support

**PBIS** 

First & Foremost:

A Philosophical Framework

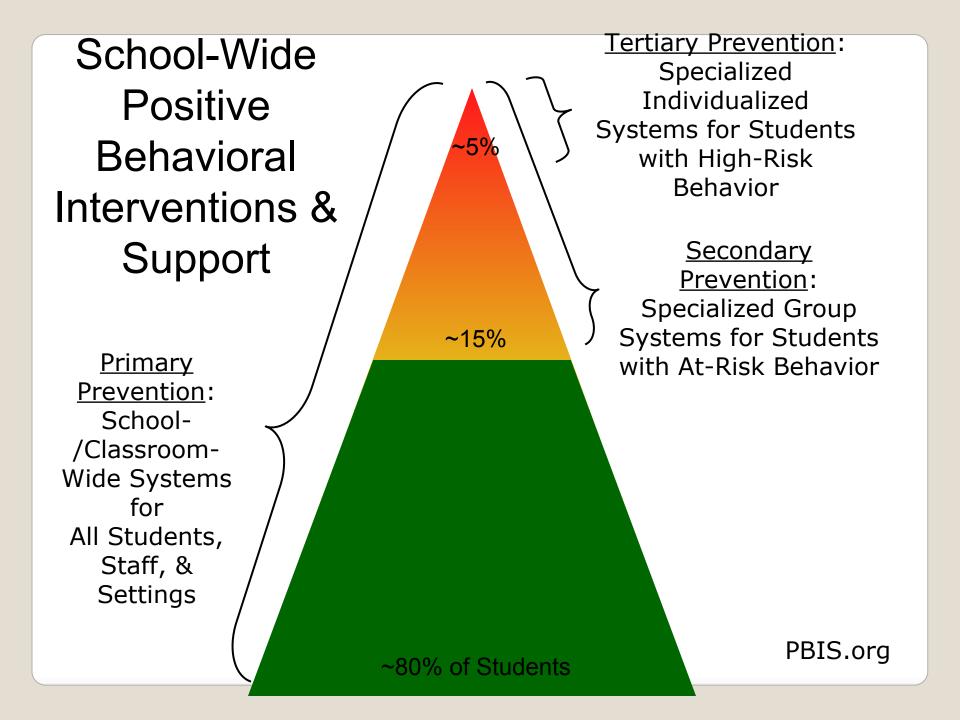


# PBIS is...

- a **systems approach** for enhancing capacity.
- a **process** for capacity-building.
- is supportive of a <u>continuum of behavioral</u> <u>supports.</u>
- is **Prevention** focused.
- instructionally focused.
- based on <u>empirically sound</u> practices.
- supportive of <u>using assessment</u> information.
- Focused on establishing organizations with a <u>commitment to using effective practices</u>.



# BEHAVIORAL SYSTEMS WITHIN THE SCHOOL **School-Wide Systems Classroom** Non-Classroom **Systems Specific Systems Individual Student Support Systems** Horner, Sugai, Todd & Lewis-Palmer, 1999



3-5%
Tertiary/
Intensive
(High-Risk)

- Intensive social skills teaching
- Individual Behavior Management Plans
- Parent Training and Collaboration
- •Multi-agency collaboration (wrap-around)

7-10%

**Individual Interventions** 

#### **Secondary**

(At-Risk Students)

Classroom and Small Group Strategies

·Intensive social skills teaching

- Self Management Programs
- Adult mentors (checking in)
- ·Increased academic support

85-90%

## Primary/Universal

(All Students)

School-Wide Systems of Support

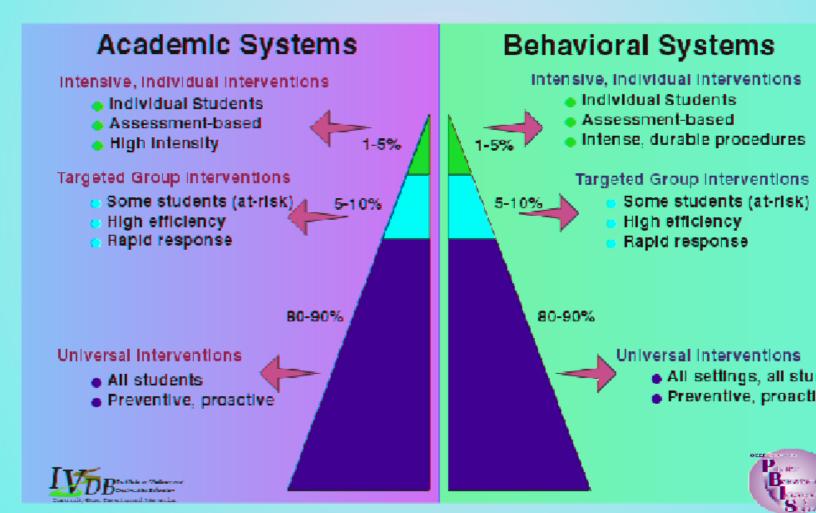
- ·Social skills teaching
- Positive, proactive discipline
- Teaching social behavior expectations
- Active supervision and monitoring
- Positive reinforcement systems
- •Firm, fair, and corrective discipline

#### The R.T.I. Model

- Create a universal system of supports (Primary Interventions)
- Some students will not respond adequately to these interventions, and will require additional supports (Secondary Interventions)
- Some students still will not respond adequately to these additional interventions, and will require intensive, individualized supports (Tertiary Interventions)

PBIS: Positive Behavioral & Instructional Supports RTI: Response To Intervention

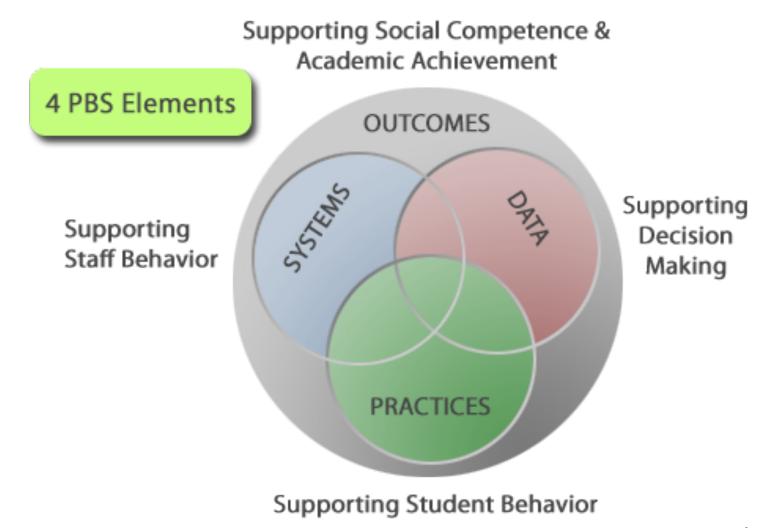
# Designing School-Wide Systems for Student Success



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### Positive Behavior Support



www.pbis.org

#### 5 Critical Features of SW-PBIS

- 1. Clear expectations
- 2. Explicitly Taught
- 3. System for Encouraging Desired Behavior
- 4. System for Discouraging Undesired
- 5. Data-based Decision-Making

**Recipe vs. Critical Features** 

## PBIS is...

- A systems approach for enhancing capacity
- A process for capacity building
- It advocates development and use of a continuum of behavioral supports
- Prevention focused

PBIS is....

#### PRIMARY or UNIVERSAL interventions

 These are what we do for and with ALL students. Risk status is not considered.

#### SECONDARY Interventions

 These are what we do for SOME students. Atrisk status is identified for small groups.

#### TERTIARTY Interventions

- These are what we do for A FEW students
- High-risk status is identified for individuals.

#### Today we lay down the foundation for Universal interventions

#### What Students Need:

- 1. Personal relationship building
- 2. Clear behavioral expectations explicitly taught
- 3. Effective supervision and monitoring
- 4. Positive and proactive discipline
- 5. Accurate behavioral feedback
- 6. Effective social skills instruction
- 7. Effective academic instruction
- 8. Learning and study skills instruction
- 9. Collaboration with family

#### All Students Need....

- 1. Personal relationship building
- 2. Clear behavioral expectations explicitly taught
- 3. Effective supervision and monitoring
- 4. Positive and proactive discipline
- 5. Accurate behavioral feedback
- 6. Effective social skills instruction
- 7. Effective academic instruction
- 8. Learning and study skills instruction
- 9. Collaboration with family

Who is Responsible? Assessment

To the application....

Assemble a representative team

Begin working with your consultant.

From the Model ....

- 1. Are all constituencies represented?
- 2. Do they...
  - Meet monthly?
  - Have a vision-driven action plan?
  - Have an annual calendar of activities?
  - Create and implement systems interventions?
  - Review data to make their decisions?
  - Plan staff development activities?
  - Plan celebrations for success?

#### **The Team**

- 1. Has your team -your staff- talked abut their goals, personal values and professional beliefs?
- 2. What do we believe about...
  - Student misbehavior
  - School failure
  - Our responsibility for social-behavioral success
- 3. Do or how will our practices reflect these beliefs?
- Getting into your site groups now...lets take a look at the inventory once again and identify any outstanding issues of discussion....share and begin to problem solve.

Discuss organizational culture and philosophy

• Two Basic Rules:

• 1. If you want it, teach it.

 2. You get more of what you pay attention to.

**Creating Clear Expectations** 

- Over arching themes....
- 3-4 basic easily memorable rules:
- Be SAFE
- Be Respectful
- Be Responsible
- Be Productive

# **Prioritize- Behavior/Climate**goals

 Using Google docs to share, comment and produce

Communication

# 3-5 Positively Stated Rules Rules should be :

- 1. Broad enough to cover all potential behavior
  - 2. Stated positively
  - 3. Briefly and easy to remember
- 4. Catchy-personalized to your school Most common example: Be Safe, Be responsible, Be respectful

**Guidelines for Developing School-Wide Rules** 

- Make visible rules and posters and post them in every room / area of the school
- Why post?
  - Prompts staff and student s to acknowledge positive, not only negative behavior
  - Increases accountability for staff an students to use the same language and follow rules
  - Signs can reduce personal focus of confrontation-now point to the rules poster and site school rule being broken, no longer my rule you are breaking.

## **Publicly Post School Rules**

- Identify 3-5 school-wide rules
- Develop ideas for making SW rules visible
- Poster design ideas
- How else can we make the rules visible?
- How will we teach the behaviors?

## **Your Task in Site Groups**

See google docs examples

**Develop a behavioral Expectation Grid** 

Time	Activity
830-9	Welcome back/review day 1
9-10	Clear Expectations:Behavior expectations completion; problem solving wheel choices Explicitly taught: Finalize your plan on how to teach the kids the behaviors; how, where, when
10-1130	Vision Development: What will a student look like who leaves your school ready to enter their next stage?
11-12	Systems for encouraging desired behavior : Merit System; classroom strategies; behavior plans
12-1	lunch
1-300	Systems for discouraging undesired behavior: Discipline/ referrals/what to handle in the classroom vs. what goes to the office
315-330	Closure-expectations review

- When you think about your students, where do you want them to be when they are ready to leave your school?
- What variables do you control that will get them there?

## **Vision Development**

- Merit systems
  - For staff and students
  - For academics AND behavior
  - Immediate recognition in the class and outside
  - Plan celebrations!

# SYSTEMS FOR ENCOURAGING DESIRED BEHAVIOR

- 1. They should just do it because it's the right thing.
- 2.Rewards damage intrinsic motivation
- 3. I don't like giving out stuff for good behavior
- 4.They only do "it" to get rewards
- 5. Our students ask, "What will I get if I ....?"
- 6. I don't believe in using extrinsic rewards.
- 7. I'd rather halp them understand their behavior.
- 8. Isn't this just bribery?

## **Acknowledgement: Concerns**

- Classroom behaviors for teachers
  - Behaviors in your teaching ex. Word wall,
     SDAIE
  - Practicing positive statements- monitoring
  - Grading systems and support for students
- How do you handle student behaviors?
- http://www.smartclassroommanagement. com/2010/05/08/how-to-handle-anangry-verbally-aggressive-student/

# **Systems for Encouraging Desired Behaviors**

Discipline matrix time!

# **Systems for Discouraging Undesired Behaviors**

- Team meetings will be focused on data and interventions.
- Lots of training later!

#### **SWIS** and How it Fits

- 1. Clear expectations
- 2. Explicitly Taught
- 3. System for Encouraging Desired Behavior
- 4. System for Discouraging Undesired
- 5. Data-based Decision-Making

## **5** Critical Aspects to PBIS

Trainer and great resources
 http://www.drdale.org/

Password: ThankYou20132014

DOE Supported Group OSEP

http://www.pbis.org/

Autumn Chapman 760-419-0329 achapman@fortunaesd.com

Resources Closure and Thanks



